## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

(Note: Washington Distribution Indicated By "X"; Field Distribution By "#".)

## INFORMATION REPORT

This Document contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States, within the meaning of Title 18, Sections 793 and 794, of the U.S. Code, as amended. Its transmission or revelation of its contents to or receipt by an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. The reproduction of this form is prohibited.

## SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

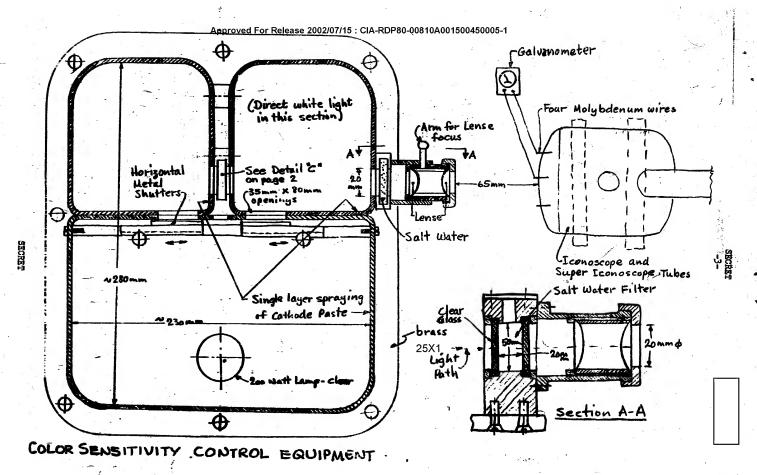
	USSR (Moscow Oblast)	REPORT NO.		25X
SUBJECT	Development of Color Sensitivity Equipment at Institute 160, Fryazino	DATE DISTR. 29 June 1953 NO. OF PAGES 4		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	REFERENCES		
		5X1	THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TEI (FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)	
1.	, , ,			 ] 25X
1.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,•		 ] 25X
1.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ·		] 25X
2.	This device was developed only for use with i used in determining what, if any, change in occurred prior to its being sprayed on to the tube. This was not to be a visual means of coaste was to be noted on a galvanometer.	the color of the ca e raster plate of a	thode paste in iconoscope	] 25X
2.	used in determining what, if any, change in occurred prior to its being sprayed on to the tube. This was not to be a visual means of caste was to be noted on a galvanometer.	the color of the ca e raster plate of a comparison; the dis	thode paste in iconoscope ference in the	] ] 25X
2.	used in determining what, if any, change in occurred prior to its being sprayed on to the tube. This was not to be a visual means of o	the color of the case raster plate of a comparison; the disceed and its operation of the case of the distance between the color of the distance between the color of the color	on iconoscope  ference in the  on.  own on the  lass end of  een the sub-	] 25X
2.	used in determining what, if any, change in a occurred prior to its being sprayed on to the tube. This was not to be a visual means of a paste was to be noted on a galvanometer.  Outlined below is a description of this device.  a. A box-like affair with an aperture on the first sketch (see Page 3). The aperture the iconoscope tube. For test purposes, ject equipment and the iconoscope tube was	the color of the case raster plate of a comparison; the discomparison; the discomparison the discomparison that the case of the distance between the comparison of the comparison of three comparison and the comparison of the comparison; the discomparison of the comparison of the comparison; the discomparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison; the discomparison of the comparison of the c	on.  on.  on.  on.  on.  on.  on.  on.	25X
2.	used in determining what, if any, change in a occurred prior to its being sprayed on to the tube. This was not to be a visual means of a paste was to be noted on a galvanometer.  Outlined below is a description of this device.  a. A box-like affair with an aperture on the first sketch (see Page 3). The aperture the iconoscope tube. For test purposes, ject equipment and the iconoscope tube was imately 65 mm.  b. Also shown on this sketch (see Page 3) an largest one contained a 200-watt clear cayvolts, 50 cycles AC. All sides of the the	the color of the case raster plate of a comparison; the discomparison; the discomparison; the discomparison of the case of the distance between as maintained at a comparison of three comparison of the case of t	on iconoscope  ference in the  on.  own on the  lass end of een the sub- oprox-  ots. The ag on 220 eere	

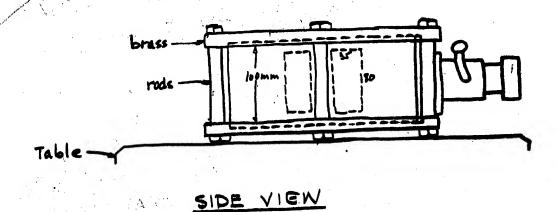
Approved For Release 2002/07/15 : CIA-RDP80-00810A001500450005-18108

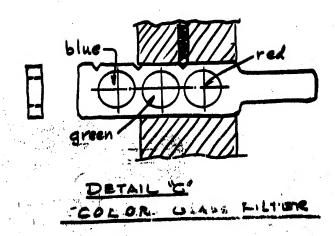
located in each compartment (see Page 4, side view). For light penetration purposes, these openings were manually controllable by shutters which slid horizontally.

- d. Separating the two smaller compartments was a wall which contained a color filter (see Page 4, Detail C, Color Glass Filter). This color filter could be raised and lowered depending upon which color was desired. The colors on the filter were red, green, and blue.
- e. At this stage in the operation of the test equipment we used an artificial light which was reflected from the walls of the large enclosure through to either a section with a color filter, or, by blanking this section off, to the other associon in its original
- f. The next phase entailed the use of the aperture on the right side of the box (see Page 3, Section A-A). A small tank containing salt water was located just before the lense. The clear glass sides were circular and approximately 20 mm. in diameter; this tank was approximately 200 mm. wide and 50 mm. high. A circular opening was provided at the top for filling the tank. Two lenses, approximately 20 mm. in diameter, were located to the right of the glass tank. The openings of these lenses could be adjusted in the horizontal plane to a maximum width of approximately 10 mm.
- g. The iconoscope tube was then placed on its side with the arm vertical, approximately 65 mm. in front of the first lense. Two of the four molybdenum wires were attached to a galvanometer, and the test was ready to commence.
- i. Thus, in using this device, it could be noted whether any change had taken place between the cathode paste sprayed on the inside surface of the test apparatus, and the cathode paste sprayed on the raster plate inside the finished tube. The galvanometer was unaffected if no difference existed between the two cathode pastes; the tube was destroyed if there was a difference. A difference between the two cathode pastes may occur in the iconoscope tube during assembly or, on occasions, while the tube is being evacuated and the glass scaled. It may also result due to other causes of which I have no knowledge.

SECRET







SECRET